Benha university
Faculty of science
Botany of department
Pre- doctor



Time : 2hours
Date : 5/1/2017

Yeast technology

Answer the questions:

1) A- Plants as yeast habitat

- 1- Exudate from tree trunks, candida and trichosporon were isolated from the exudate of four different genera of trees in japan
- 2- Phyllosphere, leaves exude a sugary fluid which can supply the necessary carbon sources of yeast.
- 3- Flowers : flowers harbor yeasts
- 4- Fruits: fruits of apples, grapes, isolated yeasts present on the surfaces of fruits
- 5- Plant pathogenic yeasts : some yeast fungi are recognized as plant pathogens .

B) Vegetative reproduction of yeast

- 1- Budding: represents the most common mode of reproduction, buds arise on the shoulders and at the ends of long axes of avoidable or elongate vegetative cell.
- 2- Fission: reproduction is carried out by the formation of a septum or cross wall, the cross wall divides in to two individual walls and newly formed cells can thus separate
- 3- Budd fusion
- 4 Asexual reproduction by conidia: a cell forms one or more sterigmata,

each of which gives rise to a single terminal conidium.

C - Growth on media of high osmotic pressure :

Osmophilic yeast species grow best on media of high osmotic pressure, Osmotolerant species are those able to tolerate high concentrations sugar or salt.

D - Behaviors of yeast in the dough: The action of the

- 1- Gas produced by the fermentation of the dough sugars stretches the gluten fibres of the flour protein
- 2- Raising of the dough is due to gas (CO₂) produced
- 3- The yeast provides important part of bread flavor and drama.
- **E- Active and fodder dried yeast:** Drying of the pressed yeast is carried out using worm air to keep the cells viable.

The organism commonly used is candida utilize where it grows rapidly on many cheap substrate.

F- Vitamin production by yeasts: *Candida* utilize can synthesize all necessary vitamins from simple precursors .some strains of *ashbya gossypii* can synthesize large amounts of riboflavin.

Some strains of saccharomyces can produce 7-10% ergosterolon the dry weight basis. *Candida* utilize is good source of thiamine folic acid and biotine.