Benha University Faculty of Science Chemistry Department

A. 15



Date :11/ 1 / 2017 1st Term time : 2 hr.

Final Exam. Of Petroleum Additives (413CH) for All groups Students 4th level.

- Select the more correct answer from the following: (1x80 = 80 Marks):		
1- Gasoline additives may be		
A. Soluble organic compounds	CInsoluble organic compounds	
B. Inorganic salts	D. All of these	
2- Antioxidant must be added to gasoline to		
A. Prevent gum formation	C. Prevent the emulsion formation	
B. Prevent gasoline components from	D <mark>.(A&B Together</mark>)	
reacting with oxygen in the air.		
3- Antioxidant of gasoline may be		
A. Aromatic amine	C. (A&B Together)	
B. Phenols	D. None of these	
4- Which of the following substances is used as Cold flow improver in diesel oil?		
A. TN	C. EGMME	
B. <mark>EVA</mark> _	D. MTBE	
5- Which of the following is sulphur compound.		
A. <mark>Isopropyl mercaptan</mark>	C. Pyridine	
B. Napthenic acid	D. Cumene	
6- Which of the following is nitrogen compound?		
A. Quinolin	C. Ethyl mercaptans	
B. Naphthenic acid	D. Tetra ethyl lead	
7- Naphthenes are A. Unsaturated cyclic compounds	C. Straight chain saturated compound	
B. Saturated cyclic compound	D. paraffins have the same general	
D. Saturated cyclic compound	formula CnH2n+2	
8- Which of the following hydrocarbon series are almost absent in crude petroleum?		
A. Paraffins	C. Naphthenes	
B. Aromatic	D. Olefins	
9- Which of the hydrocarbon are the most undesirable in diesel oil?		
A. Paraffins	C. isoparaffins	
B. Aromatic	D. Cyclo-alkane	
10- Which of the following petroleum products h		
A. <u>Gasoline</u>	C. Biodiesel	
B. Diesel oil	D. All the same	
11-Which of the following additives has a minimum effect or	_	
A. n- paraffin	C. Iso-paraffin	
B. Aromatic	D. <mark>none of these</mark>	
12- The most popular antiknocking agent but not environmental eco-friendly is		
A. MTBE	C. TEL	
$B. Pb(C_2H_5)_4$	D. <mark>(B&C)</mark>	
13- Which of the following hydrocarbon are most desirable in gasoline?		
A. Paraffins	C. <mark>Isoparaffins</mark>	
B. Naphthenes	D. Aromatic	
14- Cetane no of $lpha$ -methyl naphthalene is		

C. 100

B. zero

D. 17

15- The chemical structure of DEGMME is

A. Me-OCH₂-CH₂-OH

C. H-OCH₂-CH₂-O-CH₃

B. HO-CH₂-CH₂- O-CH₂ CH₂-OH

D. All False

16- Ethylene glycol added to gasoilne where, it acts as an.....agent.

A. Anti-knocking

C. Anti-icing

B. Anti-gum forming

D. Dewaxing

17- PIBSI is the diesel additive which used as

A. Anti-gum

C. Anti-Icing

B. Deposit Control additives

D. Cold flow improver

18- (FM) is the fraction modifiers used in fuel are intended to reduce power loss from friction in internal combustion engins, is the most powerful additive to reduced the frictions:

A. Glycine dioleate

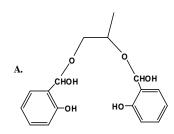
C. Glycerol dioleate

B. Glycerol mono-oleate

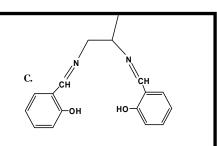
D. Glycine mono-oleate

19- The chemical structure of Solvent red 26 is

20- Metal deactivator which prevent the reduced the oxidation stability of gasoline, the most one used



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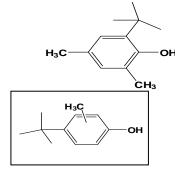


D. B&C

21- The structure formula for BHT is:

A.

B.



C.

D.

- 22- We can improved the cetane number quality of diesel and kerosene fuel by adding:
 - **A.** Ethyl nitrate

B. 2-Ethylhexyl nitrate

C. MMT

D. (A&B).

23- The chemical structure of Cetane number improver for diesel fuel is

C. ONO₂



D. None of these

- 24-..... consist typically of a polar head to enable adhesion to the metal surfaces to be protected and a hydrocarbon tail to ensure fuel solubility.
 - A. Demulsifier

C. Corrosion inhibitor

- B. Oxidation Inhibitor
- 25-Effective corrosion inhibitors include
 - A. Carboxylic acid

- C. Carboxylic anhydride
- B. Amine, Amine salts of carboxylic acids
- D. All of these

D. All of these

- 26- Gasoline deposited control additive may be
 - A. Polybutenesuccimide

- C. PIB Amine
- B. Polyisobutylene Phenol Mannich Amine
- D. All are true

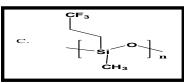
 R_1 R_2 R_2

Using the above structure to answer the following questions from 27 to 32:

27- Copper/ Silver Corrosion initiator may be compound r	number
A. 2	<u>C. 3</u>
B. 5	D. 6
28-Demulsifier additives for gasoline fuel is	~ .
A. 4	C. 1
B. <u>5</u>	D. 3
29- Corrosion inhibitor is	C 2
B. 4	C. 2 D. 3
30- Friction modifier is	2. 0
A. 1	C. 3
B. 2	D. 4
31-Gasoline D.C.Additives is	
A. 5	<u>C. 1</u>
B. 4	D. 6
32-Deisel D.C.Additives is	
A. 3	<u>C. 1</u>
B. 4	D. 6
33-Number of carbon atoms in gasoline fraction is	
A. $C_1 : C_5$	C. <u>C5 :C10</u>
B. $C_{20}:C_{25}$	D. all uncorrect
34-LPG is	
A. $C_3:C_4$	C. C ₅ :C ₁₀
B. C1:C5 The major compound in natural gas is	D. all uncorrect
35- The major compound in natural gas is	
A. <u>Methane</u> B. Propane	C. Ethane D. all uncorrect
36- We can remove the precipitation of lead in internal eng	
A. 1,2-dichloroethylene	C. 1,2-dibromoethylene.
B. 1,3-chloropropylene	D. (A&C).
37- The freezing point of bio-diesel is	D. (A&C).
A8,1 °C	C. zero.
B. 6 °C	D. None of these
	D. None of these
38- The chemical structure of Bio-diesel is	C. Mirroll fotter and the locations of a
A. Mixed hydrocarbons from C ₁₂ : C ₁₈	C. Mixed fatty methyl esters of o
B. Mixed hydrocarbons from C _{18:} C ₂₂	D. None of these
39-Cyclohexyl amine is used as	
A. Antioxidant for gasoline	C. Antiwear
B. Stability improver for diesel	D. None of these

40- The mode action of anti-foam in diesel fuel the reduced surface tension of the air bubble wallsWhich constitute the foam leading to the rabid collapse. The chemical structure for the most effective antifoam used in diesel fuel is.....





None of these

استاذ المادة: أد/ وجدى إبراهيم أحمد الدجدج نصف ورقة ١-٠٠ مشترك مع

د/أحمد طنطاوي (۲۱ـ۸۰)