نموذج إجابة مادة الضوء الهندسي الفرقة الأولي علوم نصف ورقة تاريخ الامتحان السبت 18-05-2019 الاجابة باللون الاحمر Geometrical Optics

- **21.** The ratio between the speed of light in air to the speed of light in other medium is called (a) phase reversal (b)refractive index (c) refraction index.
- 22. In case of convex lens when p = q the image will be at distance (a) f (b) 2f (c) infinity .
- **23.** An imaginary line passing through center of curvature and pole of spherical mirror is called: (a)radius of curvature (b) secondary axis (c) axis of curvature.
- **24.** Nearsighted condition can be corrected by placing lens in front of the two eye (a) plane concave (b) converging (c) diverging.
- **25.** When an object lies at the focal point of a concave mirror then its image is formed at (a) ∞ (b) R (c)between R and f.
- **26.** The density of any transparent medium is a measure of its refractive index. (a) magnetic (b) electric (c) optical.
- 27. The speed of light in water is the speed of light in air (a) greater than (b) smaller than (c) equal to.
- **28.** Convex lens has a focal length of 10cm then for object located at a distances of 5 cm, the image is located at a distance from the lens (a) 16.7 cm (b) -5 cm (c) -10 cm.
- **29.** A light passing through the pole of a convex lens is (a) reflected (b) refracted (c) no one.
- **30.** A convex mirror forms image (a) virtual (b) real (c) a and b.
- **31.** Farsighted condition can be corrected by placing lens in front of the two eye (a) plane concave (b) converging (c) diverging.
- **33.** If the object is located at the center of curvature, its image is formed at the (a) center of curvature (b) focal point (c) infinity.
- **34.** If the magnification of the mirror is negative, the image is (a) erect (b) inverted (c) a, b.
- **35.** The optical path for material (n = 1.3) is 3.90 mm then its geometrical path is (a) 0.33 mm (b) 4 mm (c) 3mm.
- 36. If the focal length of concave mirror is 12cm, the image of an object at distance 12cm appears at distance (a) 12cm (b) ∞ (c) 18.5cm.

- **37.** Convex lens has a focal length of 10cm then for object located at a distances of 5cm, the image is located at a distance from the lens (a) 16.7cm (b) -5 cm (c) -10 cm.
- **38.** The front of eye is covered by a transparent membrane called (a) cornea (b) iris (c) pupil.
- **39.** is the closest distance which lens of relaxed eye can focus light on retina (a) focal point (b) near point (c) far point.
- **40.** When farsighted person looks at an object inside the near point, the image is formed at (a) behind the retina (b) at the retina (c) in front of retina.